

## What was it like for you? White Collar Work in the Pandemic

Professor Jonathan Morris
Cardiff Business School
morrisjl@cardiff.ac.uk

#### Background

- @ 2000 Organisations purportedly undergoing fundamental changes, re engineering to agile structures, post-bureaucratic
- I started a research project asking 3 questions
  - Were organisations undergoing such a process?
  - If they were, what were the implications for managers
  - Were there fundamental differences between 3 national economies, UK, USA and Japan
- So we looked at ten organisations across 3 countries (across sectors) and 250 managers

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Study, 2003-05

#### We found:-

- Organisations were restructuring but driven by continual cost cutting, downsizing, delayering and outsourcing
- This had significant implications for managers, work intensification, worse careers, job insecurity and worse work-life balance
- Not too much difference between 3 countries
- Managers coped with much longer hours by taking work home, on PCs, laptops etc. and start of smartphones e.g. Blackberries and welcomed flexibility

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Study 2016-19

#### Follow-up study

- Same organisations and some of same managers
- Results broadly similar but more intense (more DS, DL and more work)
  - BIG difference was the ubiquity and pervasiveness of sophisticated digital technology including smartphone. Very difficult to escape work, always on call, work-non work blurred, managers very cynical about it, but just had to do it to cope with work volumes and younger managers accepting of it

# Present study, 2020: Impact of Pandemic upon Managerial Work

- So 'quick and dirty' research, went back to some of the organisations and managers from 2<sup>nd</sup> study
- 56 managers across 7 organisations in June, started off with an email or phone call, then a very simple questionnaire then a zoom call
- Mix of service & manufacturing; private, public and high and low tech and mix of managers by age and gender, important
- Very simple initial questionnaire, 4 questions; demographic; how long do you anticipate working from home; advantages, disadvantages; what do you anticipate will be the longer-term implications for where work is carried out and organized and open question

#### Results

- Managers partly chosen because they don't have to be at work (percentages of professional and managers high)
- Managers (in early June) did not anticipate going back to work any time soon (and probably underestimate) even in industries that make something e.g. Brewery, despite government efforts
- More of the managers' perspective of course (not organizational)

#### Advantages

- Big one, lack of a commute, especially for managers working in South East and larger cities, AND travelling (but may be honeymoon?), presenteeism gone (telecom and consulting)
- And associated advantages with work-life balance (but not for carers of small children)
- Evidence that those who were more used to home working adapted better (not many)

#### Disadvantages

Work-non work divides blurred

- Isolating (and belated appreciation of the office)
- Difficult to 'turn off'

- Work monotonous and challenging, lack of downtime, and being continuously on-call and day extended
- Communications more difficult and zoom very demanding

#### Disadvantages

 Unsurprisingly, childcare and home schooling were extremely challenging, working round clock to cope and at weekends, lack of a division between working and parenting (it was my kids or my job). Huge pressures on females, especially single mothers. OK schools back but isolating, childcare mixed, breakfast clubs.

 Evidence that females particularly hit, evidence that take 2<sup>nd</sup> place on having children



Clearly lower cost base

But control issues (tech company),
 'shirking from home'

Issue of communications

Issues of learning

#### Postscript: 2<sup>nd</sup> UK Study, November, 2020

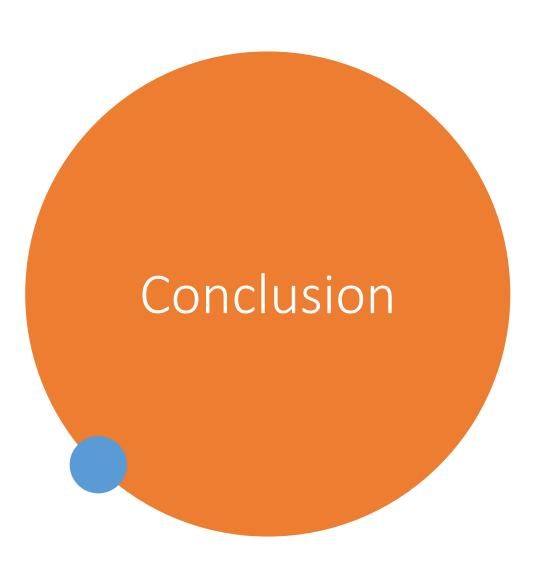
- Results much same in UK as first study, although children back at school big bonus
- But isolation highlighted and sociability of work missed
- Lack of structure of working day, relentless
- Going back to work put off and considerable speculation on the future of work, many can't imagine going back FT
- But number had not met new teams, lack of learning

#### Japanese sample, November 2020

• 45 managers in 5 organizations

- Homeworking far less prevalent, state of emergency of a month and two organizations gone back
- Technology obviously same but legal, medical and cultural differences e.g. smaller houses

Excuse to outsource work in AuditCo



 Environmental (stand on North Road in rush hour)

 Levelling up and rejuvenating communities (for example, in south Wales)

Liberating for home workers

 Emergence of hybrid model with some office work and third spaces

## This is Wilson. He is now working from home 2





#### Thanks for Listening

Professor Jonathan Morris
Cardiff Business School
morrisjl@cardiff.ac.uk